

## MATH 122B & 125 FINAL EXAM INFORMATION – FALL 2018

### PROCEDURES

- The final exam is on **Tuesday, December 11 from 1:00 – 3:00 pm**. Do not be late. You will not be given additional time if you arrive after 1:00 pm. We recommend that you arrive to your assigned testing room at least 15 minutes early.
- The final exam is NOT given in your usual classroom. You will find the room assignments at <http://math.arizona.edu/academics/courses/finals> when they are updated (scroll down the page to find your course). You will not be allowed to take the final in a room other than the one assigned to your section.
- If you use DRC testing accommodations, arrive 15 minutes early to the DRC testing office.
- You will not be allowed to leave the exam room until 2:00 pm.
- Because multiple sections are assigned to a room, students in each section will sit together in designated areas in the room. You will also sit every other seat. Listen to the instructions given by your instructor.
- All cell phones and electronic devices (including iPods, laptops, and language translators) that transmit or receive a wireless signal must be turned off and put away during the exam. Vibrate or silence modes are not allowed.
- Bring your graphing calculator. Models that perform symbolic calculations are NOT allowed on the final exam. These include the TI-89, TI NSpire CAS, HP 50g, and Casio Classpad 330. Using one of these models during the exam is considered a violation of the UA Code of Academic Integrity.
- Calculator covers must be removed and put away during the exam.
- The only program allowed is for Quadratic formula. Any other programs or stored formulas will be considered a violation of the UA Code of Academic Integrity.
- No formula sheets or notes of any kind are allowed.
- You are not allowed to use your own paper. If you need additional space for a solution, you must use paper provided by the proctors.
- Students are not allowed to share calculators during the exam.
- Bring your CatCard or a government issued ID.

### ABOUT THE FINAL EXAM AND GRADING

- The final exam study guide and an additional practice sheet are posted under the Common Exam Information section at <http://math.arizona.edu/~calc/m122b.html> and <http://math.arizona.edu/~calc/m125.html>.
- Although the questions in the guide are not samples of actual exam questions, they provide an excellent review of the topics that are covered on the exam. Problems at the end of each chapter in the Review Exercises can also provide review.
- Many questions have a “show all your work” format. To receive credit, your final answer must clearly follow from your work even if your answer is correct.
- Using built-in features on your calculator does not satisfy the “show all your work” format. (For example – finding the location of a local maximum of a function.)

- Deductions will be made for incorrect or missing mathematical notation in problems where work must be shown.
- Graders are not expected to interpret the intention of your work or to choose from multiple solutions on your paper. If you provide two different solutions without clearly indicating which solution you want graded, it is very likely that neither solution will be graded.
- Some questions have a multiple-choice, fill-in-the-blank, or matching format. These formats are reserved for questions/answers that would normally receive no partial credit. Unless noted otherwise, you do not need to show your work on these.
- The wording and notation used in the questions are consistent to what is found in the text, in WebAssign, and the final exam study guide.
- Units must be included in all answers for questions involving units, even if no instructions are given to do so.
- Questions may incorporate information across several chapters. (For example – given a function, you could be asked to find the slope of a tangent line and the area under the curve.)

### **EXACT ANSWERS AND ESTIMATES**

- Unless specifically asked to estimate, your final answers should be given in exact simplified form. For example - if your answer is  $\cos(\pi/4)$ , your final answer must be  $\sqrt{2}/2$  or  $1/\sqrt{2}$ .
- You should not use approximation techniques unless specifically told to do so. For example - do not use the numerical integration feature on your calculator if the Fundamental Theorem can be used to evaluate a definite integral. Sometimes the word “exact” is added to the question for extra emphasis to remind you that you should not be making an approximation.
- When only an estimate is possible you must clearly show how you obtained your estimate and the values you used to obtain your estimate in order to receive credit for a correct answer.
- You should also be able to determine if your estimate is larger or smaller than the true answer, when possible.

### **FUNCTIONS AND EQUATIONS**

- Functions can be given in any form (tables, graphs, equations, words).
- Any of the following function types can appear: polynomial, rational, exponential, logarithmic, trigonometric (all six), and inverse trigonometric ( $\arcsin x$ ,  $\arctan x$ ).
- Absolute value, piecewise defined, and implicitly defined functions can also appear.
- Equations and functions can include parameters.

### **YOU NEED TO KNOW.....**

- the exact simplified trigonometric values of the special angles.
- the geometry formulas: area of a circle, rectangle, and triangle; circumference of a circle, perimeter of a rectangle; volume of a rectangular box, cylinder, cone, and sphere; surface area of a rectangular box and the lateral surface area of a cylinder.
- Pythagorean Theorem and the triangle definitions of the trigonometric functions.
- the relationship between position, velocity, and acceleration.

- the relationship between continuity and differentiability.
- the difference between distance traveled and net displacement.
- the proper procedure for performing the First and Second Derivative tests.
- the derivative rules, including the general inverse.
- the antiderivative rules, including the method of substitution in section 7.1.
- the formula for the average value of a function over an interval.
- the mathematical definitions of  $f'(a)$ ,  $f'(x)$ , and  $\int_a^b f(x)dx$ .
- properties of integrals
- proper notation for derivatives, integrals, and limits.
- how to make practical interpretations and graphical interpretations.
- how to use graphs to interpret information about functions, first derivatives, and second derivatives.
- There will be no questions that require the specific use of a calculator program such as LR Sums or Allsums, but you need to know how to find the left hand sum and right hand sum for small  $n$  given a table of values or a graph of a function.
- Terminology such as the following:
  - difference quotient
  - average rate of change
  - definition of the derivative
  - rate of change
  - practical interpretation
  - differentiable
  - smooth
  - tangent line
  - local linearization
  - critical point
  - local extrema
  - global extrema
  - inflection point
  - family of functions
  - parameter
  - implicitly defined
  - L'Hopital's Rule
  - dominance
  - Riemann sum
  - left hand sum and right hand sum
  - First Fundamental Theorem of Calculus
  - Second Fundamental Theorem of Calculus
  - average value of  $f$  over an interval
  - area bounded between curves
  - differential equation
  - initial value problem
  - underestimate and overestimate
  - method of substitution.